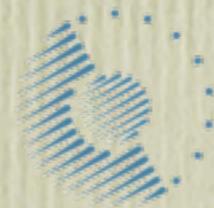


Designing a panlingual dictionary

Jonathan Pool • Susan Colowick • Laura Welcher

The Long Now Foundation

PanLex



<http://panlex.org>

36th Internationalization & Unicode Conference

23 October 2012

Summary

- Introduction

1. Objective
2. Team
3. Strategy
4. PanLex metrics
5. Sources

- Design

1. Schema
2. Example
3. Directionality

- Standardization

1. Language varieties
2. Character encodings
3. Normalization forms
4. Character admissibility
5. Lexemes
6. Lemmas
7. Lexical classification

- Opportunities

- Try it

Introduction

I. Objective

Look up *any* word in *any* language.

Cusco Quechua: pinchikilla

Get its translation(s) into *any* other language.

Nepali: ?

Introduction

2. Team

2005–2009: University of Washington, Turing Center

“TransGraph”

“PanDictionary”

“PanImages”

“Panlingual Translator”

“Panlingual Mail”

“Lemuel”

- Oren Etzioni
- Katherine Everett
- Christopher Lim
- Mausam
- Kobi Reiter
- Marcus Sammer

- Michael Schmitz
- Michael Skinner
- Stephen Soderland
- Timothy Baldwin
- Jonathan Pool
- Susan M. Colowick

- Janara Christensen
- Daniel S. Weld
- Jeff Bilmes
- Katrin Kirchhoff
- Bo Qin

2010–2011: Utilika Foundation

“PanLex”

- Jonathan Pool
- Susan M. Colowick
- Timothy Usher
- Christa Mabee
- Michael Goodman
- David Howcroft

- Miranda Taylor

2012–: The Long Now Foundation

“PanLex”

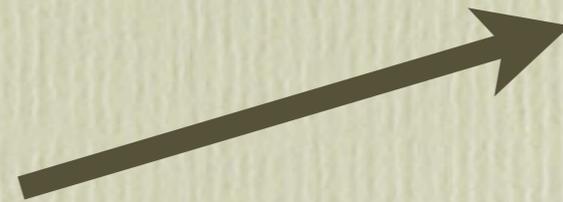
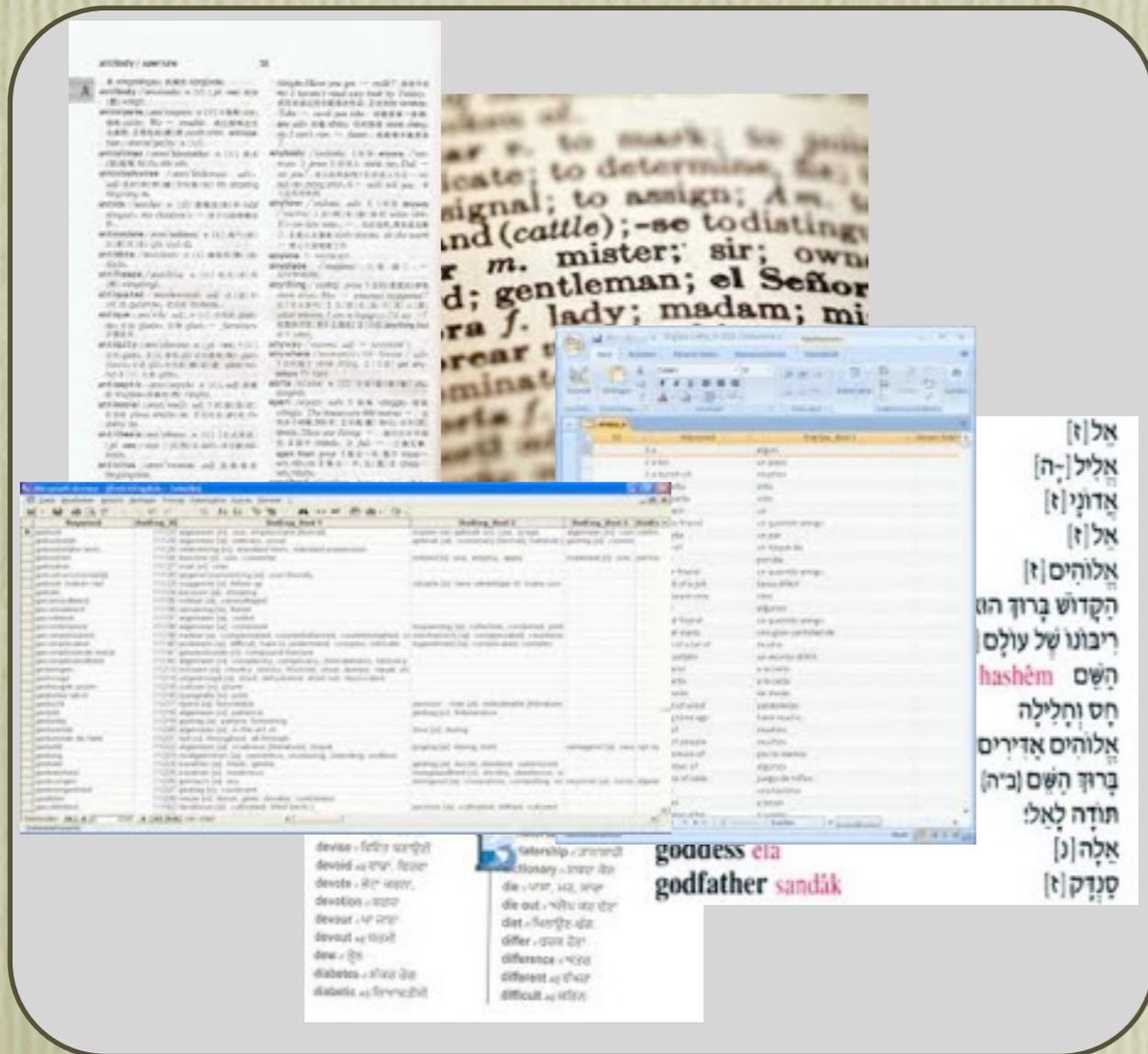
- Jonathan Pool
- Susan M. Colowick
- Andréa Davis
- Laura Welcher
- Ben Keating
- Kurt Bollacker

- Emily Bender
- Steven Bird

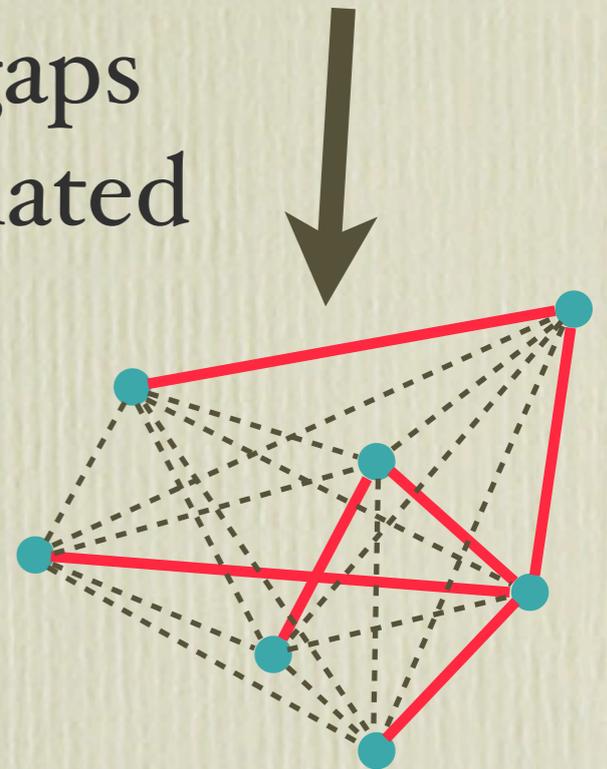
Introduction

3. Strategy

a. Combine *all* known lexical translations into a database.



b. Fill in the gaps with automated inference.



Introduction

4. PanLex metrics

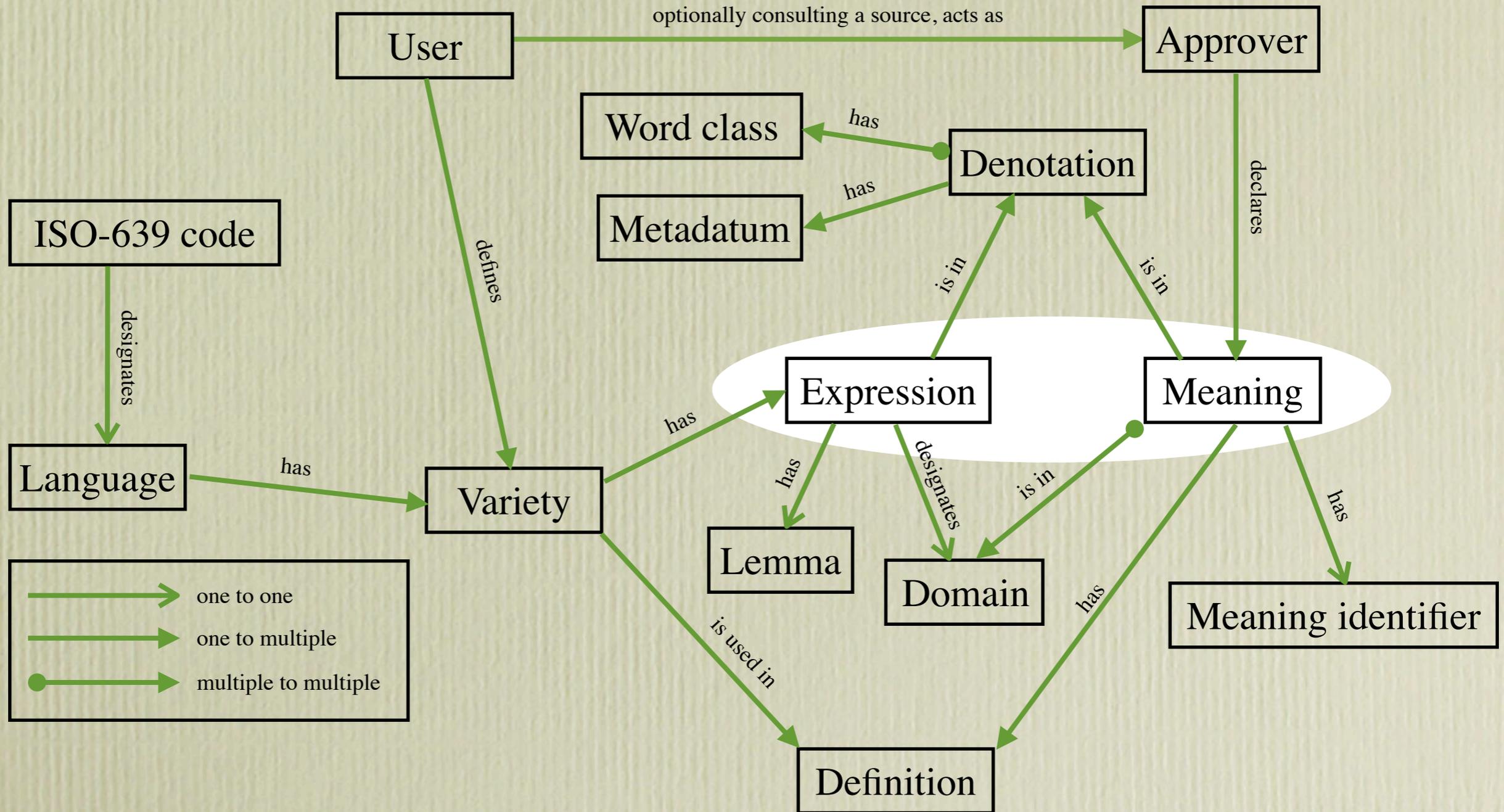
- 18 million expressions (words or phrases).
- 6,900 language varieties.
- 1,400 sources consulted.
- 460 million translations (expression pairs).

Goal: *trillions* of translations

7000 source languages x 100,000 words in each
x 7000 target languages
= 5 trillion translations

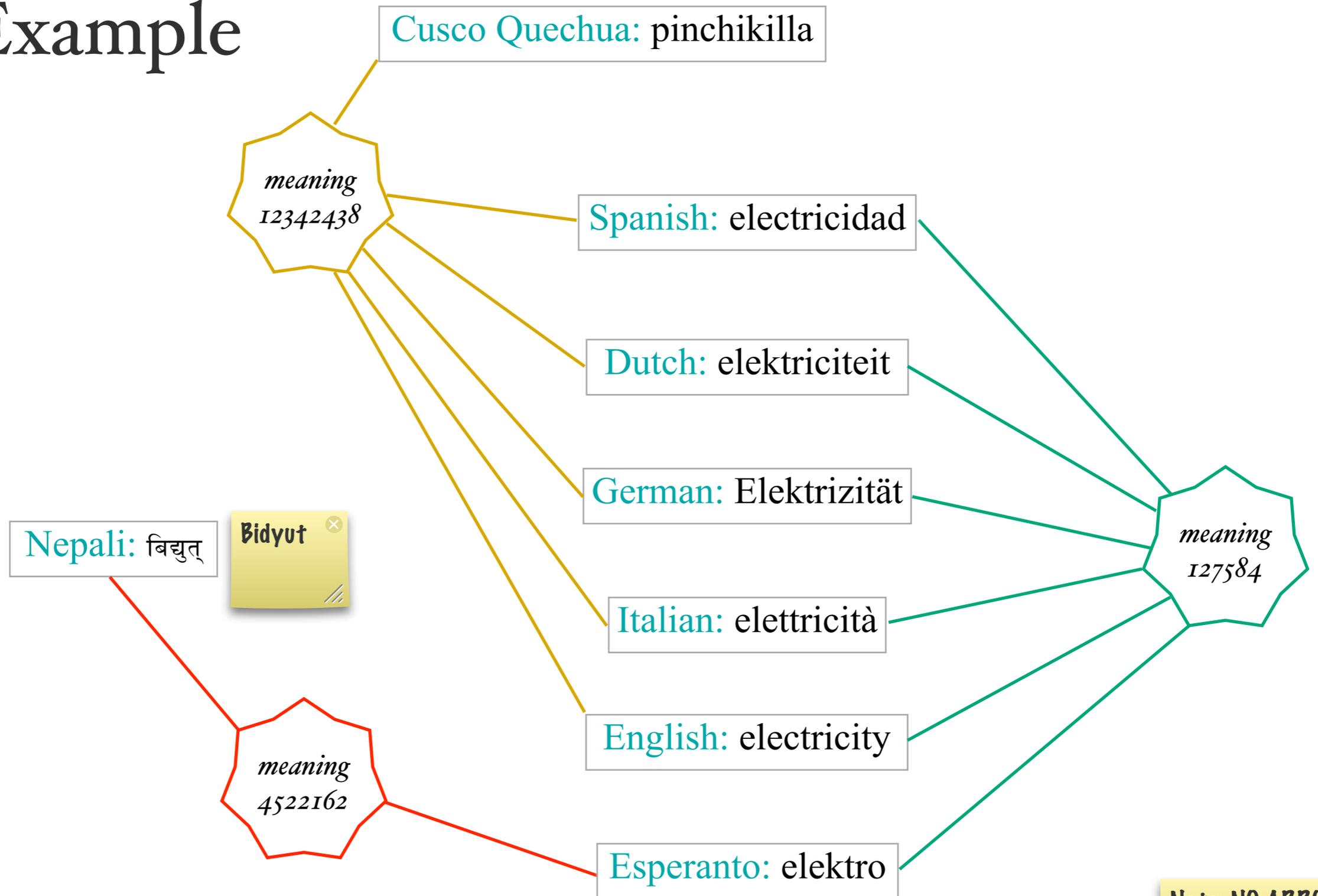
Design

I. Schema



Design

2. Example



Note: NO ARROWS!
Could invert search.

Design

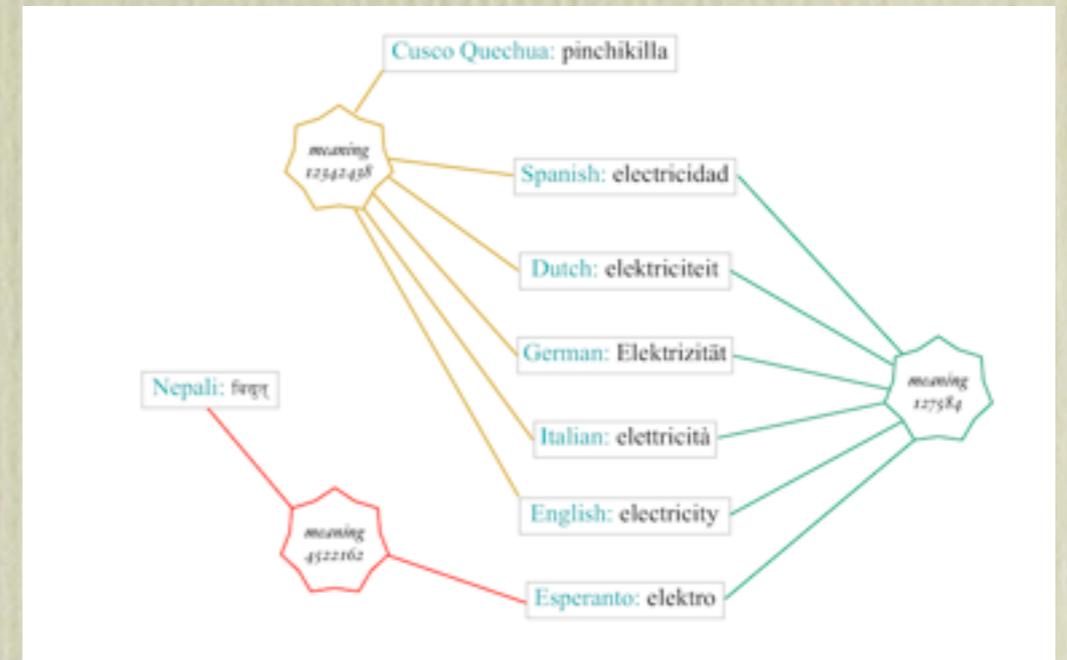
3. Directionality

bouan (n) post of.
buu (n) wife or husband.
bua (adj) lost.
buaka (adj) rough, not calm.
buaakaka (adj) bad.
Buariki (n) a name of a village

Dictionary (typically)

Source expressions translated into and/or explained in *target* languages. Directional.

vs.



PanLex

Expressions sharing meanings are translations of *each other*.
Nondirectional.

Standardization

Dialects of Aja, a language of Benin and Togo

I. Language varieties

- “Languages” identified with ISO 639-2, 3, 5 alpha-3 codes.
- “Varieties” identified with integers (for free extensibility).
- Dialectal, standard, controlled, script varieties.

ajg-000	Aja
ajg-001	Hwe
ajg-002	Dogbo
ajg-003	Sikpi
ajg-004	Tohoun
ajg-005	Tado
ajg-006	Tala
aji-000	Ajie
ajp-000	اللهجة الجنوبية

uzn-000	o‘zbek
uzn-001	Ўзбекча
uzn-002	اۋزبېك تىلى

Cf. BCP 47: uz-uzn-Cyrl

Standardization

2. Character encodings

- Unicode.
- UTF-8 encoding form.

Щ

Cyrillic capital
letter shcha

UTF-8 with custom
displacements: U+0439



Unicode: U+0429

ŋ

Latin small
letter n with
retroflex hook

1-byte encoding with
IPA Kiel font: 0x3d



Unicode: U+0273

Standardization

3. Normalization forms

- Normalization Form C (NFC): Canonical decomposition followed by canonical composition.

- NFC leaves visual ambiguities. (Even NFKC would eliminate only 1 of these.)

ě

Decomposed:

U+0065 U+030c

Composed:

U+011b

/

U+002f

/

U+ff0f

/

U+2044

/

U+2571

/

U+2215

Standardization

4. Character admissibility

- Exclude characters with Other Unicode General Category Properties.
- Exclude characters with Separator Unicode General Category properties except SPACE.
- Prohibit SPACE at beginnings and ends of strings.
- Prohibit 2 or more consecutive instances of SPACE in any string.

~~SOFT HYPHEN~~
~~U+00AD~~

~~SIX-PER-EM SPACE~~
~~U+2006~~

~~“XöpmeK”~~

~~“ztráta Xbarvy”~~

Standardization

5. Lexemes

- “Objective: Look up any **word** in any language”

- More precisely: **lexeme**.

- Is a phrase a lexeme?

- ▶ “sweet tooth”: yes
- ▶ “sweet dessert”: no
- ▶ “sweet wine”: ?

- Is an inflected form a lexeme?

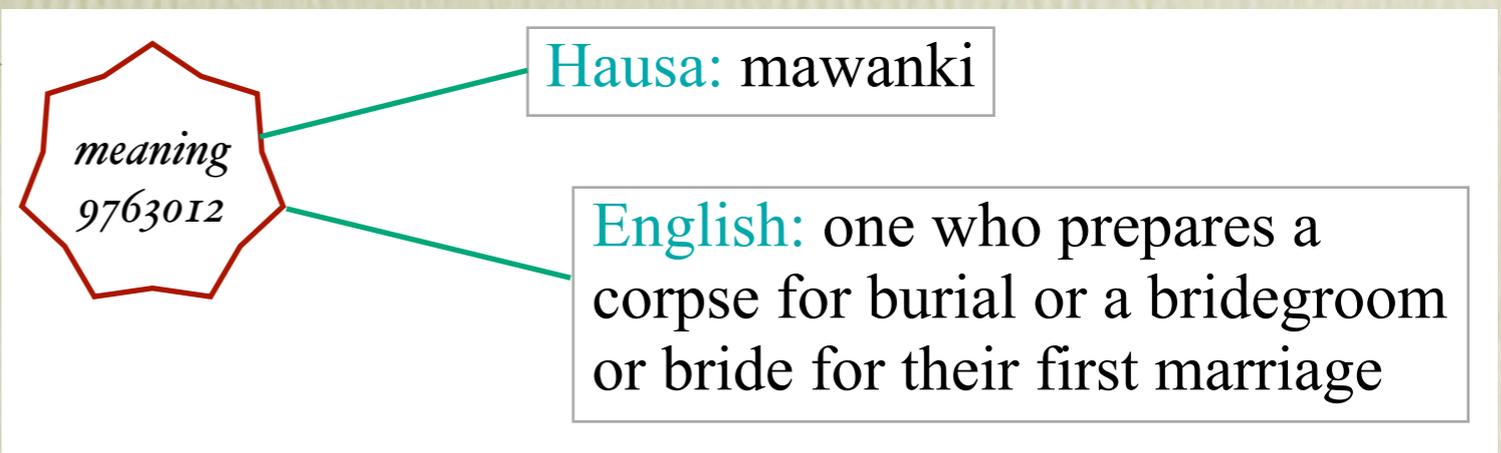
- ▶ “glasses”: yes
- ▶ “statements”: no
- ▶ “instructions”: ?

- If a translation isn’t a lexeme,
PanLex editor may:

- Use it as a definition.

- Approximate (“undertaker”,
“makeup artist”).

- Coin (“mawanki”).



Standardization

6. Lemmas

- Citation (dictionary lookup) forms of lexemes.
- Standardized, to facilitate connectivity.

U+00f1
Latin small letter
n with tilde

(Abidjan)
U+0027
apostrophe

U+015f
Latin small letter
s with cedilla

English:
~~te~~ share
vitamin~~s~~

Swahili:
~~elimisha~~
-elimisha

Turkmen:
~~garaňky~~
garaňky

Hebrew:
~~אביג'אן~~
אביג'אן

Romanian:
~~cartepoștală~~
carte poștală

Esperanto:
~~Kantocigno~~
kantocigno

U+0148
Latin small letter
n with caron

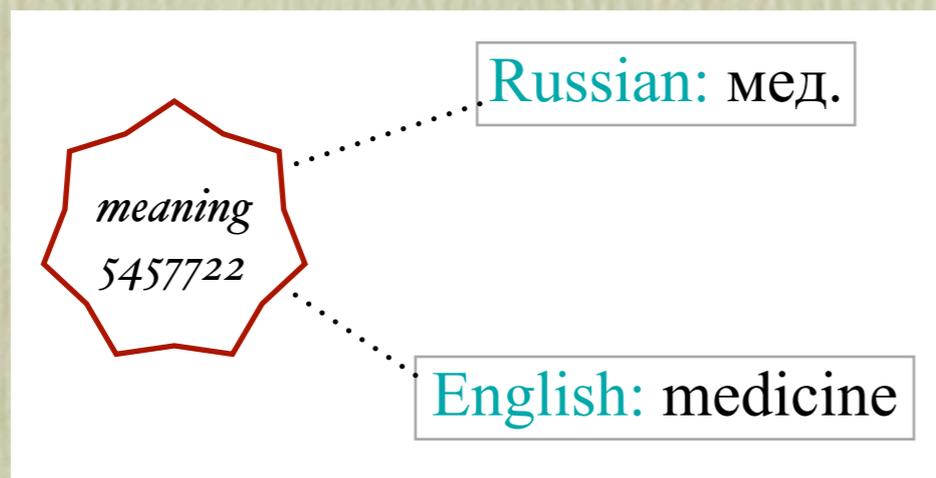
U+05f3
Hebrew
punctuation
geresh

U+0219
Latin small letter
s with comma
below

Standardization

7. Lexical classification

Open set of meaning domains.



Closed set of 15 word classes.

adjv	adjective
advb	adverb
affx	affix
auxv	auxiliary verb
conj	conjunction
detr	determiner
ijec	interjection
misc	miscellaneous
name	proper noun
noun	noun
post	postposition
prep	preposition
pron	pronoun
verb	verb
vpar	verb particle

Extension of OLIF

Cf. 19 subclasses of GOLD "Part Of Speech Property": Predicator, Functor, Determiner, Noun, ProForm, Classifier, Particle, Quantifier, Expletive, Interjection, InterrogativeOperator, Modal, NegationOperator, Nominal, Participle, Prenoun, Preverb, Substantive, SyntacticArgument

Opportunities

- Discover lexical resources.
- Add content.
- Improve quality.
- Refer language experts.
- Create UIs.
- Create APIs.
- Create applications.
- Advise on strategy and tactics.

<http://panlex.org/help/>

Try it

<http://panlex.org/try/>

- Easy UI: TeraDict
- Expert self-localizing UI: PanLem
- Search-oriented UI: PanLinx (“[waakaa’iganan](#)” @ Google)

More comments/questions?

Info:

<http://panlex.org>